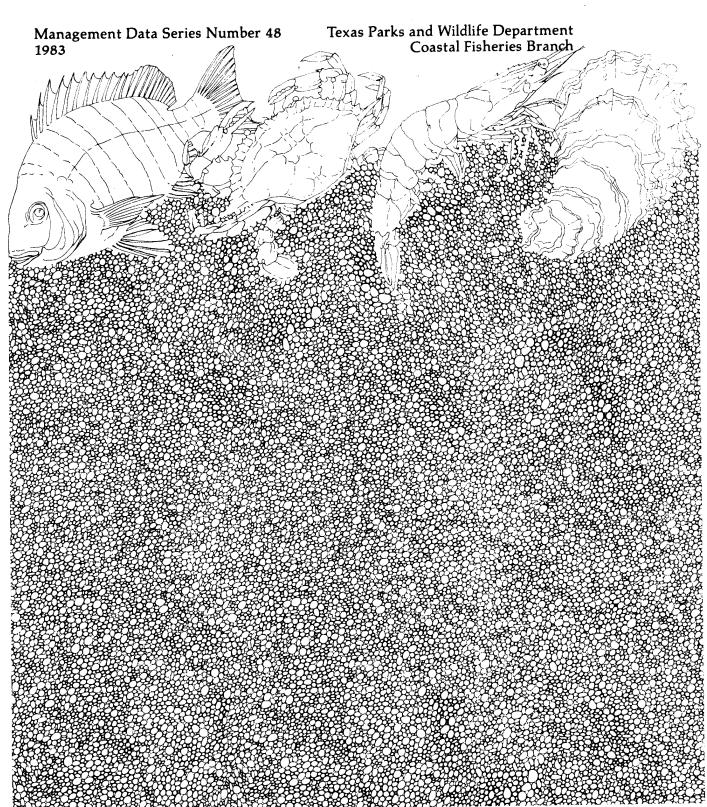
HARVEST ESTIMATES FOR TEXAS MARINE CHARTER BOATS (SEPTEMBER 1980-AUGUST 1981)

by L. W. McEachron



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bу

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ABSTRACT

Gulf "snapper" headboats (>10 people/boat) were surveyed from September 1980-August 1981 and bay headboats and bay and Gulf party boats were surveyed during summer (June-August 1981) only. Species composition of catch varied greatly between areas of fishing and boat type.

The annual Gulf "snapper" headboat harvest in the Gulf areas of Texas was \331,000 fish. During summer Gulf party boat fishermen harvested \105,000 fish; and bay party boat and bay headboat fishermen harvested \89,000 fish each. Red snapper (Lutjanus campechanus) constituted the majority (77%) of the Gulf "snapper" headboat landings; king mackerel (Scomberomorus cavalla), red snapper and dolphin (Coryphaena hippurus) constituted the majority (68%) of the Gulf party boat landings. Spotted seatrout (Cynoscion nebulosus) constituted the majority (94%) of the bay party boat landings and sand seatrout (C. arenarius) and Atlantic croaker (Micropogonias undulatus) constituted the majority (62%) of the bay headboat landings. Approximately 53% of the yearly Gulf party boat trips were made during summer. Bay party boats made \22% of their yearly trips during summer in the upper and middle coastal areas and \57% of the yearly trips during summer in the lower coastal areas.

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INTRODUCTION

The Texas charter fishery is economically and biologically important. Woods and Ditton (1979) reported that \$1.3 million were spent on charter fees coastwide in 1975. McEachron and Matlock (1982) estimated that chartered fishermen harvested over 900,000 fish during September 1978-August 1979. A short overview of the publications on the charter industry in Texas was presented by McEachron and Matlock (1982).

The Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) surveyed all segments of the charter fishery during September 1978-August 1979 (McEachron 1980 and McEachron and Matlock 1982). Based on both budget and manpower constraints and when the majority of charter fishing took place (Ditton et al. 1978) the TPWD elected to survey Gulf "snapper" and bay headboats year around and bay and Gulf party boats (carrying <10 people/boat) during summer (June-August). This sampling scheme would enable TPWD to obtain harvest and catch/effort data needed to manage effectively the fishery resource. This paper provides estimates of fish harvest by Gulf "snapper" headboats for 1 year (September 1980-August 1981) and estimates of fish harvest by bay headboats and small bay and Gulf party boats for summer 1981.

The objectives of the survey were to:

- 1. Determine the harvest, species composition, size and catch per effort of economically important finfishes caught by sport fishermen on Gulf "snapper" headboats operating from Texas.
- 2. Determine the harvest, species composition, size and catch per effort of economically important finfishes caught in Texas bay waters by sport fishermen on bay headboats.
- 3. Determine the harvest, species composition, size and catch per effort of economically important finfishes caught in the Gulf off Texas and in bay waters by sport fishermen on party boats.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

From September 1980 through August 1981, charter fishing boats on the upper (Galveston Bay/Freeport area) middle (Aransas Bay, Corpus Christi Bay, upper Laguna Madre) and lower (lower Laguna Madre) Texas coast (Figure 1) were surveyed. Boats were inventoried prior to the survey using the Fish Guide License sales data of TPWD and by canvassing each area for fish guides (Appendix A, Tables 1 and 2) according to the classifications:

- A. Capacity (Maximum number of fishermen carried):
 - 1. Party boat: a boat operated by a guide and crew, that carries <10 people for a fee;
 - 2. <u>Headboat</u>: a boat, operated by a guide and crew, that carries >10 people for a fee.
- B. Location of fishing (relative to barrier islands and Gulf entrance of passes):
 - 1. Gulf: that area seaward of the barrier islands and the pass entrances;
 - 2. <u>Bay</u>: that area shoreward of barrier islands and the pass entrances.

Only headboats that fished Gulf reefs consistently throughout the year were considered to be Gulf "snapper" headboats. Inventories were updated as boats entered or left the fishery.

Gulf "snapper" headboat surveys were conducted on each of 2 randomly selected days/month during September 1980-August 1981 on the middle and lower coast and on 3 randomly selected days/month on the upper coast. Bay headboats were surveyed on each of 2 randomly selected days/month during summer 1981 in each area. Bay and Gulf party boat surveys were conducted on each of 12 randomly selected days during summer 1981 on the middle and lower coast and on 15 randomly selected days on the upper coast.

Headboat surveys were conducted aboard the vessel during the fishing trip; party boats were intercepted at the dock after the trip. All fish retained were counted and identified to species (Hoese and Moore 1977) when possible. A list of the common and scientific names of fishes (Robins et al 1980) identified in this study is found in Appendix B. Also on each trip, the number of fishermen and the trip time for party boats and the actual fishing time for headboats (to the nearest 0.5 h) were recorded. Retention rates (synonymously called catch rates) were calculated on a trip basis by dividing the total fish retained by the number of fishermen and the fishing time (for headboats) or the trip length (for party boats). Mean catch rates for each boat type, in each area for each day were calculated as arithmetic means of the catch rates on each trip. Mean total lengths for each species were calculated by adding the individual total lengths and then dividing by the total number of fish measured. Histograms of red snapper (Lutjanus campechanus) and vermillion snapper (Rhomboplites aurorubens), presented by month, were constructed using the midpoint of 15 mm groups.

Significant differences (P = 0.01) among mean catch rates for red snapper, vermillion snapper and for total catch by fishermen on Gulf "snapper" headboats were determined using factorial analysis of variance

(Overall and Spiegel 1969). Significant differences (P = 0.01) among mean catch rates for red snapper, king mackerel (Scomberomorus cavalla) and total fish on Gulf party boats and for spotted seatrout (Cynoscion nebulosus) and total fish on bay party boats were determined utilizing a two-level nested analysis of variance (Sokal and Rohlf 1969). If more than one party boat was surveyed on the same day then catch rates among boats by day were tested for significant differences (P = 0.01)by utilizing a two-level nested analysis of variance (Sokal and Rohlf 1969). If no significant differences were found then each boat catch rate was used in the harvest calculation; if significant differences were found then each days' data were pooled into one mean daily catch rate. Significant differences (P = 0.01) among mean number of fishermen/ boat trip, mean number of trips/boat for bay party boats and mean catch rates for sand seatrout (C. arenarius), Atlantic croaker (Micropogonias undulatus), kingfish sp. (Menticirrhus americanus and M. littoralis) and for total fish on bay headboats were determined utilizing a one-way analysis of variance (Sokal and Rohlf 1969). If differences were found among area catch rates or among number of fishermen/boat trip a weighted coastwide mean was determined using the number of boat trips for each boat type in each area. A Sum of Squares Simultaneous test procedure was used to determine similarities between bay headboat catch rates among areas (Sokal and Rohlf 1969). Catch rates were transformed to common logarithms, where needed, to reduce variance heterogeneity before analyses. When no differences were found among areas, one mean catch rate was calculated using all of the data combined to estimate total harvest.

Total harvests were calculated by multiplying the mean catch/trip/ boat by the total number of boat trips. The number of trips made by the boats was determined by contacting each boat operator and obtaining the number of trips that each boat made. For party boats the total number of trips made was adjusted upward for those boat operators that could not be contacted by using the mean number of trips/boat for those boat operators that were contacted. Area harvests were calculated using a percentage based on the effort expended in each area. If no significant differences were found between mean number of people/boat trip then the percentage was determined by dividing each area effort (trips) by the total effort in all three areas. If significant differences were found in the number of people/boat trip the effort (man-trips) were calculated by multiplying the number of boat trips by the number of people/boat trip in each area and dividing each area effort by the total effort for all three areas to obtain the percentage. Standard error of harvest estimates were calculated according to Cochran (1967).

RESULTS

During September 1980-August 1981, 10 Gulf "snapper" headboats made 1196 trips in the Gulf of Mexico off the Texas coast (Table 1). The number of fishermen/trip ranged from 23 ± 1.6 fishermen/trip in the lower area to 47 ± 3.2 fishermen/trip in the upper area (Table 1); there was a significant difference in the mean number of fishermen/trip among areas (Appendix C, Table 1).

Gulf "snapper" headboat fishermen caught 331,000 + 27,400 fish during the 1-year period (Table 2). Red snapper constituted the majority (77%) of the catch; 46 other species constituted the rest of the estimated landings (Table 2; Appendix D, Table 1). The mean catch rate for red snapper ranged from 0.51 + 0.11 fish/man-h off the middle area to 2.51 + 0.29 fish/man-h off the lower area (Table 3); significant differences were found among Gulf areas and among months (Appendix C, Table 2). Most of the red snapper in the upper area were 215-390 mm in length (TL); none were <185 mm and few were >435 mm (Figure 2). In the middle area the majority of the red snapper were 245-470 mm in length; none were <185 mm and few were >500 mm (Figure 3). The majority of the red snapper in the lower area were 260-515 mm in length; none were <200 mm (Figure 4). Red snapper >575 mm were more common in the catch off the lower coast area than off the upper or middle coasts. The mean catch rate for vermillion snapper ranged from 0.02 + 0.02 fish/man-h off the lower area to 1.26 +0.33 fish/man-h off the middle area; significant differences were found among Gulf areas and among months (Appendix C, Table 2). Most of the vermillion snapper in the upper area were <305 mm (TL); none were <185 mm nor >485 mm (Figure 5). In the middle area the majority of the vermillion snapper were <380 mm (TL); none were <200 mm nor >530 mm (Figure 6). The mean catch rate for all fish by snapper headboat fishermen was 2.40 + 0.18 fish/man-h; there was no significant difference among Gulf areas but there was a significant difference among months (Appendix C, Table 2). Red snapper mean lengths were 310 + 2 mm off the upper area, 365 + 3 mm off the middle area and 405 ± 3 mm off the lower area; all other species lengths varied among species and among areas (Appendix E, Table 1).

Inventoried Gulf party boats made 3990 trips during summer 1981 (Table 4); total trips were adjusted upward for one boat whose operator was not contacted in the upper area and for 13.5 boats in the lower area. The mean number of fishermen/trip was higher in the upper area than in the middle or lower areas (Table 4); there was a significant difference in the mean number of fishermen/trip among the areas (Appendix C, Table 1). There was no significant difference between the middle and lower areas (Appendix C, Table 3). There was no significant difference in the mean number of trips/boat among the upper $(27 \pm 3.1 \text{ trips/boat})$, middle $(41 \pm 3.6 \text{ trips/boat})$ or lower $(35 \pm 2.6 \text{ trips/boat})$ areas (Appendix C, Table 4); the combined mean was $36 \pm 2.4 \text{ trips/boat}$.

During summer 1981, Gulf party boat fishermen landed $105,000 \pm 19,000$ fish (Table 5). Of these, king mackerel constituted 43%, red snapper constituted 15% and dolphin (Coryphaena hippurus) constituted 10%; 16 other species constituted the rest of the estimated landings (Table 5; Appendix D, Table 2). The mean catch rate for king mackerel by all Gulf party boat fishermen was 0.33 ± 0.05 fish/man trip-h (Table 6); no significant differences were found among Gulf areas but there was a significant difference among days (Appendix C, Table 5). Red snapper mean catch rates ranged from <.01 fish/man trip-h in the middle area to 0.30 ± 0.30 fish/man trip-h in the lower area; significant differences were found among Gulf areas and among days (Appendix C, Table 5). There was no significant

difference between the upper and lower mean catch rates (Appendix C, Table 6). The mean catch rate for total fish landed by Gulf party boat fishermen was 0.70 ± 0.11 fish/man trip-h; no significant differences were found among Gulf areas or among days (Appendix C, Table 5). Mean sizes of fishes retained in the middle and lower areas varied between bays and among species; a sailfish (Istiophorus platypterus) 11,826 mm long (TL) was the largest fish retained (Appendix E, Table 2). No measurements were available for the upper area.

During summer 1981, bay headboats made 1492 trips with 24 ± 3.8 fishermen/trip (Table 4). No significant difference was found in the mean number of fishermen/trip among the three bay areas (Appendix C, Table 1).

Recreational fishermen on bay headboats landed 89,000 + 24,000 fish (Table 7). Sand seatrout (36%) and Atlantic croaker (26%) \overline{d} ominated the landings; 17 other species constituted the rest of the estimated landings (Table 7; Appendix D, Table 3). The mean catch rate for sand seatrout was 0.31 + 0.11 fish/man-h (Table 8); no significant difference was found among areas (Appendix C, Table 7). Atlantic croaker mean catch rates ranged from <.01 fish/man-h in the lower area to 1.03 + 0.31 fish/ man-h in the upper area; a significant difference was found among the three areas (Appendix C, Table 7). Catch rates in the middle and lower areas were similar (P > 0.01) and the catch rate in the upper area was significantly different (P < 0.01) from that in the middle and lower areas. Kingfish sp. mean catch rates were 0.02 + 0.02 fish/man-h in both the upper and middle areas and 0.24 + 0.07 fish/man-h in the lower area; a significant difference was found among the three areas (Appendix C, Table 7). Catch rates in the upper and middle areas were similiar (P >0.01) and the catch rate in the lower area was significantly different (P >0.01) from that in the upper and middle areas. The mean catch rates for total fish landed by bay headboat fishermen was 0.94 + 0.23 fish/man-h; no significant difference was found among the three areas (Appendix C, Table 7). Mean sizes of fishes retained varied among species and among bays; few of the fishes mean lengths were >375 mm (Appendix E, Table 3).

Inventoried bay party boats made 2571 trips during summer 1981 (Table 4); total trips were adjusted upward for one boat whose operator was not contacted in the upper area, for 18.5 boats in the middle area and for 21.5 boats in the lower area. No significant difference was found in the mean number of fishermen/trip (Table 4) among areas (Appendix C, Table 1). The mean number of trips/boat differed significantly among the upper $(20 \pm 2.6 \text{ trips/boat})$, middle $(24 \pm 4.7 \text{ trips/boat})$ and lower $(57 \pm 6.0 \text{ trips/boat})$ areas (Appendix C, Table 4). No significant difference was found between the number of trips/boat in the upper and middle areas (Appendix C, Table 3); the combined mean was $22 \pm 3.0 \text{ trips/boat}$.

Bay party boat fishermen harvested $89,000 \pm 5400$ fish (Table 7). Spotted seatrout constituted the majority (94%) of the catch; 10 other

species constituted the rest of the estimated landings (Table 7; Appendix D, Table 3). The mean catch rate for spotted seatrout for all bay party boat fishermen was 1.74 ± 0.14 fish/man trip-h (Table 8); no significant difference was found among bay areas (Appendix C, Table 8). The mean catch rate for total fish landed by all fishermen was 1.83 ± 0.14 fish/man trip-h; no significant difference was found among bay areas (Appendix C, Table 8). Mean sizes of fishes retained varied among species and among bays; spotted seatrout mean length ranged from 335 ± 5 mm in the lower area to 415 ± 5 mm in the upper area (Appendix E, Table 4).

DISCUSSION

The estimated harvest by Gulf "snapper" headboats is based on day trips only. Two boats made 39 night trips during the year. Manpower constraints made it impossible to survey these trips. If it is assumed the night catch rates are similiar to the day catch rates then the total harvest estimate would be $\sim 3\%$ greater. In addition, one Gulf "snapper" headboat in the lower coastal area was not surveyed due to lack of owner cooperation. If it is assumed the catch rates and number of boat trips to be similiar to the surveyed headboats, then the estimated harvest could be $\sim 9\%$ greater. The bay headboat harvest is also based on day trips only. One headboat made 92 night trips during summer. If it is assumed the night catch rates are similiar to the day catch rates then the total summer bay headboat harvest may be $\sim 6\%$ greater. In order to determine whether the assumption that the night catch rates are similiar to day catch rates night trips would have to be surveyed.

The estimated Gulf "snapper" headboat harvest during this study is ∿50% of the estimated harvest reported by McEachron and Matlock (1982) for the upper and middle areas of the Texas coast during September 1978-August 1979. This large difference may be the result of the headboats making fewer trips during this study or it may be due to the method used by McEachron and Matlock to determine the number of trips made by the headboats. Their estimate of number of trips is ~1.8 times > than the actual number of trips reported in this survey. If it is assumed the number of trips in 1978-79 to be ∿ equal to those made in 1980-81 then the harvest estimates would be similiar between the 2 years. It is apparent that every effort should be made to determine as accurately as possible the number of trips made by these boats in order to make assessments of changes in the landings. An alternate method of calculating harvest similiar to that used by McEachron and Green (1982) may provide more precise harvest estimates with less effort. Their technique to estimate harvest essentially corresponds to procedures described by Kish (1965) for selecting samples from clusters proportional to size.

The dominant fishes retained in this survey are generally the same species reported by previous authors (McEachron and Matlock 1982 and Trent et al.1976). McConnel et al.(1981) stated that the species and number of fish caught is largely determined by the place the angler fishes.

The consistency of retaining the same species over a number of years by the Texas charter boat fishermen may reflect the distribution of the fishes off Texas. However, it may also reflect the edibility or trophy preferences of the captains or clients. Ditton et al. (1978) reported that the primary species sought by charter operators in decreasing order were kingfish (S. cavalla), ling (Rachycentron canadum), red snapper, dolphin (Coryphaena hippurus), warsaw (Epinephelus nigritus), bonito (Sarda sarda), sailfish, grouper (Serranidae), jackfish (Caranx hippos), tarpon (Megalops atlanticus), tuna (Thunnus sp.) and marlin (Makaira nigricans and Tetrapturus albidus). Therefore, it is reasonable to assume that these fishes would be the ones retained by the boats. Generally, these fishes were the same species retained by charter operators in this study. "Other" species landed by the charter fishermen might be released and caution should be used when making inferences of fish distribution or abundance from party boat landings.

The number of fishermen/trip on party boats in Texas was similiar to those reported by Ditton et al. (1978) and Woods and Ditton (1979). Ditton et al. (1978) reported that in 1975 the mean size of Gulf party boats was ${\sim}10.36~\text{m}$ long and the mean size of bay party boats was ${\sim}7.32~\text{m}$ long. Therefore, if the carrying capacity is related to the size of the boat, it does not appear that the party boat operators are utilizing longer boats to carry more fishermen to offset the higher cost of running a charter operation. Woods and Ditton (1979) reported on the economics of running a party boat operation during 1975. Since then inflation has driven costs and prices up dramatically (Bureau of Labor Statistics 1982). Therefore, since the party boat operators are carrying about the same number of fishermen/trip in 1981 as in 1975, they have had to increase their fees to offset the rising price of their operation. It is recommended that additional research be conducted on the economics of Texas charter operations to determine if current deflated costs are similiar to those reported by Woods and Ditton (1979) and to determine the current economic impact of charter fishing in Texas.

Woods and Ditton (1979) reported that Texas Gulf party boats averaged 68 trips/year and that bay party boats averaged 100 trips/year. During summer 1981 the Gulf party boats averaged 36 trips/boat; bay party boats averaged 22 trips/boat in the upper and middle areas and 57 trips/boat in the lower area. Therefore, $\sim 53\%$ of the yearly Gulf trips were made during summer and $^{\circ}22\%$ of the yearly bay trips in the upper area and $^{\circ}57\%$ of the yearly bay trips in the lower area. These percentages can be used to estimate the yearly harvest if it is assumed the catch rates during the rest of the year are similiar to those in summer. The yearly harvests for Gulf party boats would be an estimated 184,000 fish. The bay party boats yearly estimates would be ~264,000 fish. McEachron and Matlock (1982) reported no significant difference between weekday and weekend Gulf party boat catch rates. There was a significant difference in the bay party boat weekday and weekend catch rates with the highest catch rate reported on weekdays. Since almost all the surveys on the party boats were conducted on weekdays the estimated yearly bay party boat harvest was probably greater than the actual harvest.

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Table 1. Number of trips and mean number of fishermen/trip (+ 18.E.) of Gulf "snapper" headboats inventoried on the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during September 1980-August 1981.

	Boats	Trips	Fishermen/trip
Upper	8	876	47 <u>+</u> 3.2
Middle	1	140	38 <u>+</u> 3.4
Lower	1	159	23 <u>+</u> 1.6
Total	10	1196	42 <u>+</u> 1.5 ^a

a Mean and S.E. were calculated as a weighted average due to significant difference among areas.

Table 2. Total fish harvest (No. + 18.E.) by recreational fishermen on Gulf "snapper" headboats in the Gulf of Mexico off the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during September 1980-August 1981.

		Area		
Species	Upper	Middle	Lower	Total
Red snapper ^a	$211,151 \pm 32,344$	$11,858 \pm 2908$	$31,839 \pm 3905$	$254,848 \pm 19,280$
Vermillion snapper ^a	$25,263 \pm 9673$	$27,552 \pm 6519$	<500	53,000 ± 6748
Greater amberjack	5089 ± 1323	682 ± 177	<500	6207 ± 1585
Sharks sp.	2060 + 371	<500	<500	2512 ± 454
Lane snapper	5002 ± 2351	671 ± 315	<500	6100 ± 2889
Triggerfish sp.	3472 ± 868	<500	<500	4234 ± 1072
Sea basses	2246 ± 562	<500	<500	2739 ± 679
Tomtate	1766 + 459	<500	<500	2153 ± 570
Other	9013 ± 1983	1209 + 266	769 ± 169	$10,991 \pm 2430$
Tota1	271,414 ± 21,713	$36,409 \pm 2913$	23,169 ± 1854	$330,993 \pm 27,411$

a Summation of harvest calculated independently in all three areas.

Table 3. Mean catch rate (No./man-h \pm 1S.E.) of fish by Gulf "snapper" headboat fishermen in the Gulf of Mexico off the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during September 1980-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis indicates number of interview days).

		Area		
Species	Upper	Middle	Lower	Total_
Red snapper	1.89 ± 0.29 (22)	0.51 ± 0.11 (16)	2.51 ± 0.29 (17)	1.77 ± 13^{a} (55)
Vermillion snapper	0.24 ± 0.09 $(2\overline{2})$	1.26 ± 0.33 (16)	0.02 ± 0.02 (17)	0.33 ± 0.05 ^a (55)
Greater amberjack	0.02 ± 0.01 $(2\overline{2})$	$0.08 \pm 0.01 $ (16)	0.01 ± 0.01 $(\overline{17})$	0.03 ± 0.01 (55)
Sharks sp.	0.02 ± 0.01 $(2\overline{2})$	<.01 (16)	0.02 ± 0.01 (17)	0.02 ± 0.01 (55)
Lane snapper	0.07 ± 0.03 $(2\overline{2})$	<.01 (16)	0.04 ± 0.02 (17)	0.04 ± 0.01 (55)
Triggerfish sp.	0.06 ± 0.01 (22)	$0.01 + 0.01 $ $\overline{(16)}$	<.01 (17)	0.03 ± 0.01 (55)
Sea basses	0.02 ± 0.01 (22)	<.01 (16)	0.05 ± 0.01 (17)	0.02 ± 0.01 (55)
Tomtat e	0.03 ± 0.01 $(2\overline{2})$	$0.01 + 0.01 $ $(\overline{16})$	$0.00 \pm 0.00 $ (17)	0.01 ± 0.01 (55)
Other	$0.11 + 0.02$ $(2\overline{2})$	0.02 ± 0.01 (16)	0.04 ± 0.01 (17)	0.06 ± 0.01 (55)
Total	2.48 ± 0.31 (22)	1.94 ± 0.31 (16)	2.71 ± 0.30 (17)	2.40 ± 0.18 (55)

Mean and S.E. were calculated as a weighted average due to significant difference among mean catch rates off the three areas of the Texas coast.

Table 4. Number of trips and mean number of fishermen/trip (+ 1S.E.) of bay headboats and party boats inventoried on the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during June-August 1981.

						Party	boats		
	Ва	y headb	oats	*	Bay			Gu1f	
			ishermen/		F1	shermen/		F:	ishermen/
Area	Boats	Trips	trip	Boatsa	Trips	tríp	Boats ^a	Trips	<u>trip</u>
Upper	· 2	326	34 <u>+</u> 8.5	13	296	3 <u>+</u> 0.3	30	886	6 <u>+</u> 0.3
Middle	5	807	22 <u>+</u> 4.4	35.5	809	4 <u>+</u> 0.2	53.5	2258	4 <u>+</u> 0.4
Lower	4	359	18 <u>+</u> 3.6	25.5	1466	4 <u>+</u> 0.2	23.5	846	3 <u>+</u> 0.2
Tota1	11	1492	24 <u>+</u> 3.8	74	2571	4 <u>+</u> 0.1	107	3990	4 <u>+</u> 0.1

a
Boats fishing in both the bay and Gulf were allocated equally to each area

^bMean and S.E. were calculated as a weighted average due to significant difference among areas.

Table 5. Total fish harvest (No. + IS.E.) by recreational fishermen on Gulf party boats in the Gulf of Mexico off the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during June-August 1981.

		Area		
Species	Upper	Middle	Lower	Total
King mackerel	$14,381 \pm 2128$	22,546 ± 3337	8438 + 1249	45,366 ± 6714
Spanish mackerel	1518 ± 1340	2380 ± 2102	891 + 787	4788 + 4228
Red snappera	8045 + 4457	<500	7682 ± 4256	$15,817 \pm 8763$
Cobia	733 ± 270	1150 ± 424	<500	2314 ± 854
Dolphin	3339 ± 1225	5235 ± 1921	1959 ± 719	10,534 + 3866
Atlantic bonito	2530 ± 1070	3966 ± 1678	1484 ± 628	7980 ± 3376
Sharks sp.	1075 ± 470	1686 ± 737	631 ± 276	3392 ± 1482
Crevalle jack	1050 ± 799	1646 ± 1253	616 + 469	3312 ± 2520
Other	1404 ± 643	2201 ± 1008	824 ± 377	4429 + 2028
Total	32,969 ± 6000	$51,689 \pm 9407$	19,344 ± 3521	$104,738 \pm 19,062$

a Summation of red snapper harvest calculated independently **in** all three areas.

Table 6. Mean catch rate (No./man trip-h \pm 1S.E.) of fish by Gulf party boat fishermen in the Gulf of Mexico off the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during June-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis indicates number of interview days.

	Area		
Upper	Middle	Lower	Total
0.28 ± 0.04 (15)	0.34 ± 0.09	0.43 <u>+</u> 0.16 (9)	0.33 ± 0.05 $(\overline{3}2)$
0.05 ± 0.05 (15)	0.01 ± 0.01 (8)	<.01 (9)	0.03 ± 0.02 $\overline{(32)}$
0.16 ± 0.10 (15)	<.01 (8)	0.30 ± 0.30 (9)	$0.10 + 0.04^{a}$ (32)
0.02 ± 0.01 (15)	0.01 ± 0.01 (8)	0.00 ± 0.00 (9)	0.01 + 0.01 (32)
0.08 ± 0.03 (15)	0.01 ± 0.01	0.02 ± 0.02	0.05 ± 0.01 (32)
0.08 ± 0.03 (15)	0.01 ± 0.01 (8)	0.02 <u>+</u> 0.02 (9)	0.05 ± 0.01 (32)
0.01 ± 0.01 (15)	0.08 ± 0.04 (8)	0.02 ± 0.02	0.03 ± 0.01 $(\overline{3}2)$
0.01 ± 0.01 (15)	<.01 (8)	0.01 ± 0.01 (9)	0.01 ± 0.01 (32)
0.03 + 0.01 (15)	<.01 (_8)	0.01 ± 0.01 (9)	0.02 ± 0.01 $(\overline{32})$
0.74 ± 0.14 (15)	0.48 ± 0.08 (8)	0.84 <u>+</u> 0.33 (9)	0.70 ± 0.11 (32)
	0.28 + 0.04 (15) $0.05 + 0.05 $ (15) $0.16 + 0.10 $ (15) $0.02 + 0.01 $ (15) $0.08 + 0.03 $ (15) $0.08 + 0.03 $ (15) $0.01 + 0.01 $ (15) $0.01 + 0.01 $ (15) $0.03 + 0.01 $ (15) $0.03 + 0.01 $ (15) $0.03 + 0.01 $ (15)	$0.28 \pm 0.04 \qquad 0.34 \pm 0.09 \\ (\overline{15}) \qquad 0.34 \pm 0.09 \\ (\overline{15}) \qquad 0.01 \pm 0.01 \\ (\overline{15}) \qquad 0.01 \pm 0.04 \\ (\overline{15}) \qquad 0.01 \pm 0.04 \\ (\overline{15}) \qquad 0.01 \pm 0.01 \\ $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Mean and S.E. were calculated as a weighted average due to significant difference between mean catch rate off the middle (<.01 fish/man-trip h) and upper and lower $(0.22 \pm 0.13 \text{ fish/man-trip h})$ areas.

Table 7. Total fish harvest (No. \pm 1S.E.) by recreational fishermen on headboats and party boats in the bays on the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during June-August 1981.

		Area		: •
pecies	Upper	Middle	Lower	Total
EADBOAT				
Atlantic croaker ^a	21,255 <u>+</u> 5711	1340 <u>+</u> 1417	595 <u>+</u> 445	23,190 <u>+</u> 3488
Sand seatrout	7313 <u>+</u> 3291	17,950 <u>+</u> 8077	7978 <u>+</u> 3590	33,242 <u>+</u> 14,8
Kingfish sp. ^a	528 <u>+</u> 301	1307 <u>+</u> 962	3888 <u>+</u> 1122	5723 <u>+</u> 877
Other	2485 <u>+</u> 1019	6099 <u>+</u> 2500	2711 <u>+</u> 1112	11,294 <u>+</u> 4639
Tota1	19,622 <u>+</u> 5102	48,163 <u>+</u> 12,522	21,406 <u>+</u> 5565	89,192 <u>+</u> 23,5
ARTY BOAT				
MICH DOAL				
Spotted seatrout	9633 <u>+</u> 2374	26,385 <u>+</u> 4290	46,654 <u>+</u> 7567	83,763 <u>+</u> 5464
Red drum	< 500	<500	513 <u>+</u> 380	900 <u>+</u> 262
Southern flounder	<500	<500	<500	823 <u>+</u> 290
Sheepshead	<500	<500	557 <u>+</u> 461	977 <u>+</u> 319
Black drum	<500	<500	<500	<500
Other	<500	733 <u>+</u> 208	733 <u>+</u> 433	1286 <u>+</u> 294
Total	10,251 <u>+</u> 2449	28,078 <u>+</u> 4383	50,808 <u>+</u> 7398	89,136 + 5417

 $^{^{\}mathrm{a}}\mathrm{Summation}$ of harvest calculated independently in all three areas.

Table 8. Mean catch rate of fish by headboat (No./man-h \pm 1S.E.) and party boat (No./man-trip h \pm 1S.E.) fishermen in the bays on the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during June-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis indicates number of interview days.

		Area		m . 4
Species	Upper	Middle	Lower	<u>Total</u>
HEADBOAT	•		•	•
Atlantic croaker	1.03 ± 0.31	0.05 ± 0.02 (3)	<.01 (6)	0.25 ± 0.04 ^a (14)
Sand seatrout	0.20 ± 0.09 (5)	0.53 ± 0.38 (3)	0.28 ± 0.20 (6)	$0.31 \pm 0.11 $ $\overline{(14)}$
Kingfish sp.	0.02 ± 0.01 (5)	0.02 ± 0.02 (3)	0.24 ± 0.07 (6)	$0.07 + 0.01^{b}$ (14)
Other	0.32 ± 0.13 (5)	0.04 ± 0.01 (3)	0.02 ± 0.01 (6)	0.13 ± 0.05 $(\overline{14})$
Total	1.59 ± 0.40 (5)	0.64 ± 0.40 (3)	0.55 ± 0.27 (6)	0.94 ± 0.23 (14)
PARTY BOAT				
Spotted seatrout	1.13 ± 0.25 (12)	2.06 ± 0.23 (14)	1.67 + 0.22 (16)	$1.74 \pm 0.14 \\ (42)$
Red drum	0.01 ± 0.01 (12)	0.02 ± 0.01 (14)	0.01 ± 0.01 (16)	0.01 ± 0.01 (42)
Southern flounder	$0.01 \pm 0.01 $ (12)	0.02 ± 0.02 (14)	0.01 ± 0.01 (16)	0.01 + 0.01 (42)
Sheepshead	0.07 ± 0.07 $(\overline{1}2)$	0.01 ± 0.01 $(\overline{14})$	0.01 ± 0.01 (16)	0.02 + 0.01 (42)
Black drum	$0.01 \pm 0.01 $ (12)	0.01 ± 0.01 (14)	0.00 ± 0.00 (16)	$0.01 \pm 0.01 $ $\overline{(42)}$
Other	0.03 ± 0.02 (12)	0.02 ± 0.01 (14)	0.01 ± 0.01 (16)	$0.02 + 0.01 \over (42)$
Total	1.28 ± 0.24 (12)	2.17 + 0.22 (14)	1.71 ± 0.22 (16)	1.83 ± 0.14 (42)

^aMean and S.E. were calculated as a weighted average due to significant difference between mean catch rate in upper $(1.03 \pm 0.31 \text{ fish/man-h})$ and middle and lower (0.02 + 0.01 fish/man-h) areas.

b Mean and S.E. were calculated as a weighted average due to significant difference between mean catch rate in lower $(0.24 \pm 0.07 \text{ fish/man-h})$ and upper and middle $(0.02 \pm 0.01 \text{ fish/man-h})$ areas.

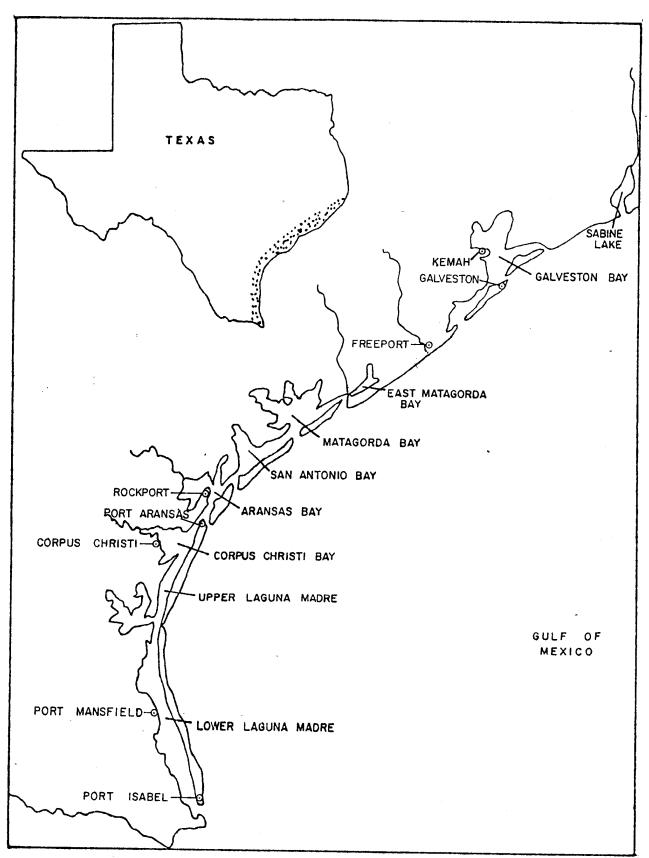


Figure 1. Map of Texas coast with main centers of headboat and party boat activity (September 1980-August 1981).

Figure 2. Percentage of red snapper (<u>Lutjanus campechanus</u>) in each 15 mm size class retained by fishermen on <u>Gulf "snapper"</u> headboats off the upper Texas coast during September 1980-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis = number of interview days).

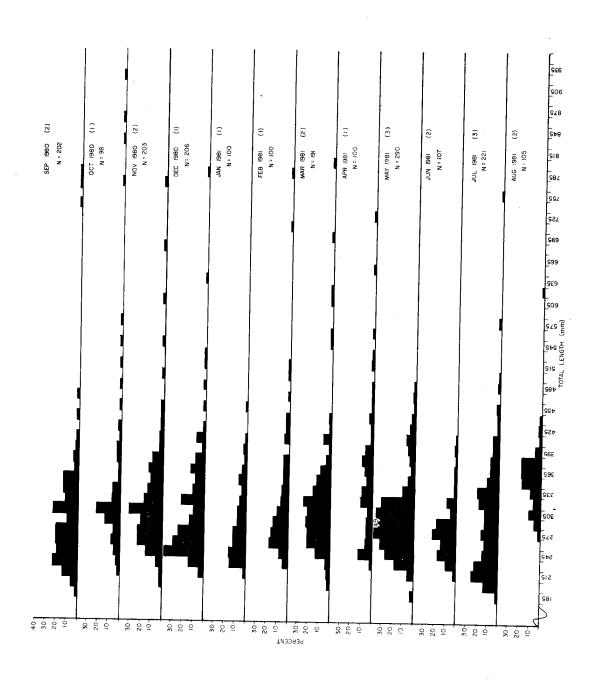


Figure 3. Percentage of red snapper (<u>Lutjanus campechanus</u>) in each 15 mm size class retained by fishermen on Gulf "snapper" headboats off the middle Texas coast during September 1980-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis = number of interview days).

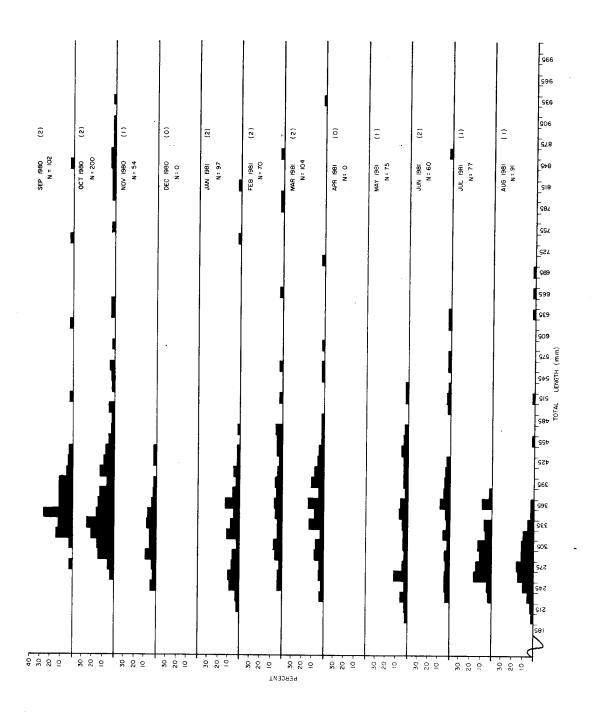


Figure 4. Percentage of red snapper (<u>Lutjanus campechanus</u>) in each 15 mm size class retained by fishermen on Gulf "snapper" headboats off the lower Texas coast during September 1980-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis = number of interview days).

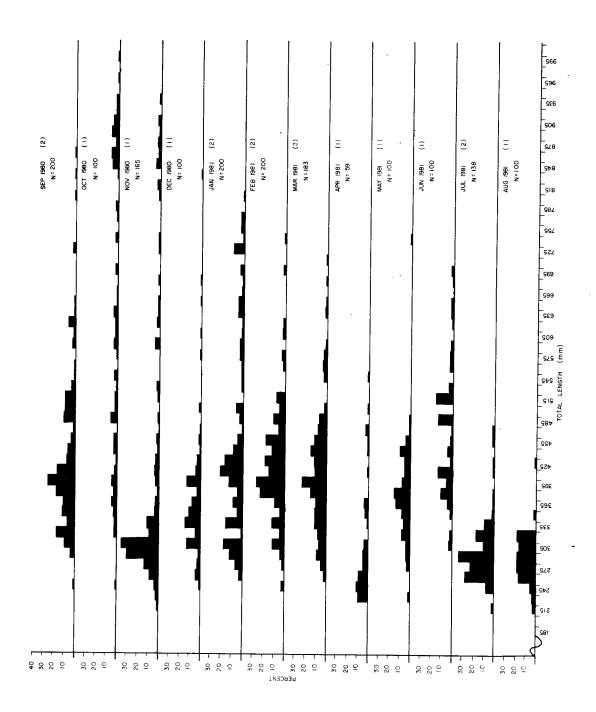
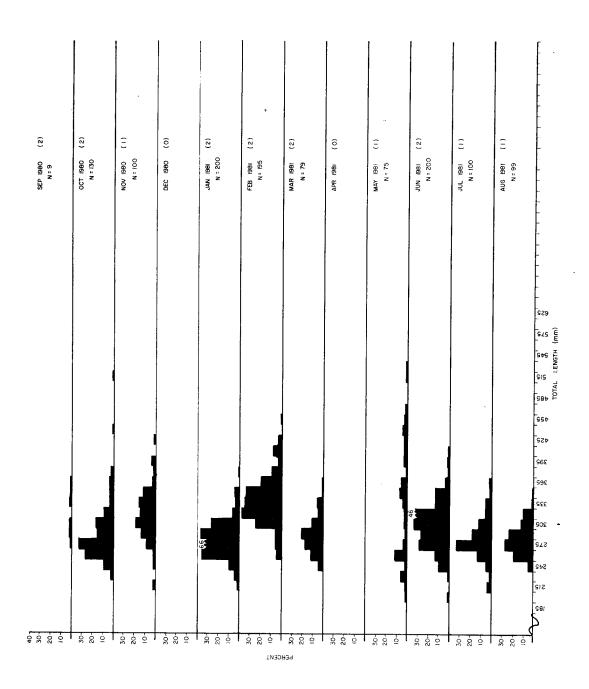


Figure 5. Percentage of vermillion snapper (Rhomboplites aurorubens) in each 15 mm size class retained by fishermen on Gulf "snapper" headboats off the upper Texas coast during September 1980-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis = number of interview days).

		To de casa									
(2)	Ξ	(2)	(5)	Ξ	Ξ	(2)	Ξ	(3)	(2)	(3)	(3)
SEP 1980 N= 0	00T 1980 N = 24	0861 VON	DEC 1980 N= 34	1981 NAL.	FEB 1981 N= 0	MAR 1981 N= 25	APR 1981 N: 47	MAY 1981 N = 126	1981 NUU. 7E = N	JUL 1981 N= 13	AUG 1981
											- CSC
											1884 1984 1975
											929 262 262 232
								46 42			21S 2pS -27S -27S -20S
20-	30-	30- 20- 10-	30- 20- 10-	30- 20- 10-	30- 20- 10-	резе 25 5 5 5	30- 20- 10-	30-	30- 20- 10-	30- 20- 10-	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Figure 6. Percentage of vermillion snapper (Rhomboplites aurorubens) in each 15 mm size class retained by fishermen on Gulf "snapper" headboats off the middle Texas coast during September 1980-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis = number of interview days).



Appendix A. List of inventoried headboats and party boats.

Table 1. List of inventoried "snapper" (September 1980-August 1981) and bay headboats (June-August 1981) on the upper, middle and lower Texas coast. (Name in parenthesis is area where boat is docked).

		Headboat	Headboat
Boat type	Area	name	Code No.
C			
Snapper	,	•	
	Upper	New Buccaneer (Galveston)	84
		Old Buccaneer (Galveston)	85
		Texsun II (Galveston)	87
		Ranger V (Galveston)	93
		Bearcat (Freeport)	88
		Lady Lori (Freeport)	89
		Capt. Casey (Freeport)	90
		Miss Vickie (Freeport)	94
	Middle	Scat Cat (Port Aransas)	92
	Lowera	Thunderbird (Port Isabel)	82
Bay			
	Upper	Kemah Clipper (Kemah)	81
		Dixie Queen (Galveston)	83
	Middle ^b	Capt. Clark (Corpus Christi)	89
		Sally D. (Corpus Christi)	90
		Star Trek (Corpus Christi)	91
		Whooping Crane (Rockport)	81
		Mary Lou (Rockport)	82
	Lower	Laguna Queen (Port Isabel)	81
		Albatross (Port Isabel)	83
		Donny B. (Port Isabel)	84
		Jan (Port Isabel)	85

a
The boat "Laguna Queen" (81) is not included in this survey because of lack of owner cooperation.

b
The boat "Buccaneer" (93) is not included in this survey because it made no
trips during June-August 1981.

Table 2. List of inventoried bay and Gulf party boats on the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during June-August 1981.

	Party boat ^a	Party boat	Major fishing
Area	i dentification	code No.	area
	0.11 1		Rosz
Upper	Jimmy Goddard	4 5	Bay Bay
	Lillymae Pepper	3 7	
	Forrest West (6 Boats)		Bay
	Marshall Deal	10	Bay
	Duke Wellington	17	Bay
	Kirk Elliott	23	Bay
	Jeff Heath	27	Bay
	Glen Erwin	24	Bay
	Ronald Jones	1	Gulf
	Skip Legg e	13	Gulf
	Gerald Needham	14	${ t Gulf}$
	John Oliveras III	15	${ t Gulf}$
	Larry Simmons	16	${ t Gulf}$
	Nina Ruth	18	Gu1f
	Louis Fechner	19	${ t Gulf}$
	Princess Patsy	20	${ t Gulf}$
	Bill Donald	21	${ t Gulf}$
	Anchor Deep Sea Fishing		
	(5 Boats)	1	Gulf
	Capt. Elliotts (2 Boats)	2	${ t Gulf}$
	Dorothy L	3	${ t Gulf}$
	Novacain	4	${ t Gulf}$
	Cherokee	11	${ t Gulf}$
	Billy Neel	6	Gulf
	Ann and Doug Johnston	7	Gu1f
	E. M. Biggs	8	Gu1f
	Monroe Krumnow (5 Boats)	10	${ t Gulf}$
	David Waters	12	Gulf
	Ralph Hamilton	13	Gu1f
	Gene and Roy Newman	15	Gulf
Middle	Ted Appel (Shearwater)	1	Bay
1110010	L. A. Hagey	2	Bay
	Charlie Hale (Becky Ann)	3	Bay
	W. D. Heldenfels	4	Bay
	Robert Johnstone	5	Bay
	Roy Latham (Happy Days)	7	Bay
	Miss Margie	60	Вау
	Larry Washington	11	Bay
	Jake Cambell (Sea <u>Jay</u>)	9	Bay
	Jim Anderson	101	Вау
		10	Вау
	Roger Sherman	53	Bay
	B & S Charter (Willie C)	40	Bay
	Gary Stryker (Stryker <u>II</u>)	40	рау

Table 2. (Cont'd).

Amon	Party boat ^a	Party boat	Major fishing
Area	identification	code No.	area
Middle (cont'd)	Hubert Johnson (Assis I)	1.6	D 1075
middle (cont a)	Hubert Johnson (Aggie J)	16	Bay and Gulf
	Wayne Lindsey (Kimberly Sue)	17	Bay and Gulf
	Ken Calloway (My Melissa)	102	Bay and Gulf
	My Diane	103	Bay and Gulf
	James Fox (Bastante)	21	Bay and Gulf
	Ron Reed (Francine II)	104	Bay and Gulf
	Floyd Smith	105	Bay
	Allan DuBose (Nina D)	63	Bay
	Virgil Alexander (Amberjack)	58	${\tt Gulf}$
	Ira Loveday (Tinker Toy)	106	${ t Gulf}$
	Doug McCallum (Nellie Belle)	107	${ t Gulf}$
	Jerry Parker (Expectation)	108	${ t Gulf}$
	E. W. Frank (Breaker I)	109	${ t Gulf}$
	Pelican	110	${ t Gulf}$
	Doc McCallum (Miss Justice)	111	Gulf
	Rick Ogle (Sum Fun)	112	Bay and Gulf
	Tom Buckner (Samaki)	113	Bay and Gulf
	Will Mayfield (Summer Lee)	114	Bay and Gulf
	Leonard Randow (Miss Kelli)	115	Bay and Gulf
•	Cloud Nine	54	Bay and Gulf
	Ted Simerson (Teaser)	116	Bay and Gulf
	Randy Coffen (Frenchie)	74	Bay and Gulf
	Larry Mayfield (Jana K)	117	Bay and Gulf
	Gilbert Jackson (Water Lillie)	118	Bay and Gulf
•	Diablo	22	Gulf
	Lil' Hustler	119	Gulf
	Hustler I	26	${ t Gulf}$
	Hustler II	120	Gulf
	<u>Hustler</u> <u>III</u>	24	Gu1f
	Hustler IV	65	${ t Gulf}$
	Hustler V	25	${ t Gulf}$
	Hustler VI	66	${ t Gulf}$
	Hustler VII	67	Gu1f
	Shotsie II	121	${ t Gulf}$
	Dam Yankee	122	${ t Gulf}$
	Go For Broke	123	${ t Gulf}$
	Beachcomber	38	Gu1f
	El Tiburon	43	${ t Gulf}$
	Black Jack	124	Gu1f
	Poco Mas	125	${ t Gulf}$
	Old Rusty	126	${ t Gulf}$
	Sun Chaser	34	Gulf
	Misty	127	Gulf
	Susie T	128	Gulf
	Gary Einkauf (<u>Tambucien</u>)	75	Gulf
	Paul Dick (Shark Hunter)	78	Gulf
	Bill Cofield (Fantasea)	57	Gu1f
	Jerry Fisher (King Fisher)	55	Gulf

Table 2. (Cont'd).

,	Party boat ^a	Party boat	Major fishing
Area	identification	code No.	area
Middle (cont'd)	Sammy Gustafson (Shana Lee)	59	Gulf
	Makai	129	${ t Gulf}$
	Scamp II	130	Gulf
	John Bible (Jay Hawker)	131	Gu1f
	Doug Bird (Sea Serpent III)	132	Gulf
	Bill Easum (Island Delights)	45	Gu1f
	Larry Eddins (Polly Marjean)	133	Gulf
	Jim Harmon (Touché)	35	Bay and Gulf
	Jay Lancaster (Hot Tamale)	29	Bay and Gulf
	Darrell LeJeune (Hahna)	134	Bay and Gulf
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	44	Bay and Gulf
	Bob Kelly (<u>Mojo</u>)	135	Bay and Gulf
	Honey Do	48	Bay and Gulf
	George Vance (Pasa)	136	Bay and Gulf
	Mike Nugent (Big Red Machine)	33	Gulf
	Mańana Radia Mańana	31	Gulf
	Pasado Mańana	137	Bay
	Alan Latham (Liza II)	138	Bay
	J. B. Greeson	139	Gulf
	Crosswinds		Gulf
	Byrd Minter (One Step Closer)	141	
	Jim Darnell	140	Bay
	Terry Carter	142	Bay
	Robert Park (Liberty Call)	143	Bay
	David Pilgrim (<u>Lafete</u>)	144	Bay
	Howard Brown (Angel)	145	Bay
	Gary Stanford (\underline{Janet} \underline{E})	146	Bay and Gulf
	Jackie Pace	147	Bay
	Bill Bardwell	13	Bay
Lower	Silver King	4	Gulf
	Sweet Misty	6	${ t Gull 1f}$
	TX2736WS	12	Вау
	TX6784WK	13	Gulf
	TX1779XP (Chula)	14	Bay and Gulf
	TX1727XB	16	${ t Gulf}$
	TX9283	17	Вау
	Sweet Baby	18	Bay and Gulf
	Baby Doll	19	Bay and Gulf
	b	21	Bay
	TX2933XS	23	Bay
	No Mas	24	Bay and Gulf
	TX2736XS	25	Вау
	Harbor Light	27	Gulf
	TX2661XS	29	Bay
	TX3876XX	30	Bay
		31	Gulf
	El Pescador	J.	OULL

Table 2. (Cont'd)

Area	Party boat ^a identification	Party boat code No.	Major fishing
	Identification .	code No.	area
Lower (cont'd)	TX1905XS	32	Bay
	TX1857AA	33	Bay
	TX5925XX	35	Bay
	TX2720XS	36	Bay
	TX2637XS	38	Bay
	TX6517CM	39	Bay
	Shi Poke	40	Bay and Gulf
	Pepe	41	Bay
	TX2690XS	42	Bay
	TX2187CV	43	Bay
	Sunrise	44	Bay and Gulf
	TX3504YE	45	Bay
	Misty Dawn	46	Bay and Gulf
	Rin Con	47	Bay and Gulf
	TX8998WM	48	Вау
	TX2705XS	49	Вау
	Hell Yes	50	Guĺf
	Trophy	51	Gulf
	Margaret Ann	52	Gulf
	Marble Queen	53	Gu1f
	Collisa	54	Gulf
	Poppa Rod	55	Gulf
	Miss Linda	56	Gu1f
	TX1234WP	57	Bay and Gulf
	Wampus Cat	58	Gulf
	Master Plan	59	Gu1f
	Gay Lady	60	Gulf
	Char Girl	61	Gu1f
	No Sweat	62	Gulf
	TX2335XS	63	Bay
	TX6541WV	64	Bay
	TX3819XS	65	Bay
	Why Knot	66	Gulf

a All boat names are underlined

 $^{^{\}mathrm{b}}$ No name or TX number available

Appendix B. List of common and scientific names of fishes identified on headboats and party boats.

Table 1. List of common and scientific names of species identified on bay and Gulf headboats and party boats in Texas during September 1980-August 1981^a.

Common name Scientific name Red snapper Lutjanus campechanus Vermillion snapper Rhomboplites aurorubens Lane snapper Lutjanus synagris Gray snapper Lutjanus griseus Silk snapper Lutjanus vivanus Dog snapper Lutjanus jocu Unidentified snapper Lutjanidae Tomtate Haemulon aurolineatum Triggerfish sp. Gray triggerfish Balistes capriscus Ocean triggerfish Canthidermis sufflamen Queen triggerfish Balistes vetula Unidentified triggerfish Balistidae Greater amberjack Seriola dumerili King mackerel Scomberomorus cavalla Spanish mackerel Scomberomorus maculatus Cobia Rachycentron canadum Sea basses Scamp Mycteroperca phenax Warsaw grouper Epinephelus nigritus Rock hind Epinephelus adscensionis Rock sea bass Centropristis philadelphica Jewfish Epinephelus itajara Dwarf sand perch Diplectrum bivittatum Yellowedge grouper Epinephelus flavolimbatus Black grouper Mycteroperca bonaci Little tunny Euthynnus alletteratus Blackfin tuna Thunnus atlanticus Atlantic bonito Sarda sarda Calamus nodosus Knobbed porgy Pigfish Orthopristis chrysoptera Blue runner Caranx crysos Crevalle jack Caranx hippos Horse-eye jack Caranx latus Bluetish Pomatomus saltatrix Bigeye Priacanthus arenatus Wenchman Pristipomoides aquilonaris Squirrelfish Holocentrus ascensionis Unidentified squirrelfish Holocentridae

Table 1. (Cont'd).

Common name Sand seatrout Silver seatrout Red drum Black drum Atlantic croaker Kingfish sp. Southern kingfish Gulf kingfish Sheepshead Gafftopsail catfish Silver perch Spotted seatrout Spot Southern flounder Gulf flounder Atlantic spadefish Smooth puffer Hardhead catfish Sharksucker Sharks sp. Nurse shark Atlantic sharpnose shark Smooth dogfish Sand tiger shark Dusky shark Sandbar shark Lemon shark Blacktip shark Scalloped hammerhead Shortfin mako shark Dolphin Great barracuda Pinfish Cero Wahoo Blue marlin Sailfish Bearded brotula Florida pompano

Scientific name

Cynoscion arenarius
Cynoscion nothus
Sciaenops ocellatus
Pogonias cromis
Micropogonias undulatus
Menticirrhus americanus

Menticirrhus americanus
Menticirrhus littoralis
Archosargus probatocephalus
Bagre marinus
Bairdiella chrysoura
Cynoscion nebulosus
Leiostomus xanthurus
Paralichthys lethostigma
Paralichthys albigutta
Chaetodipterus faber
Lagocephalus laevigatus
Arius felis
Echenesis naucrates

Ginglymostoma cirratum Rhizoprionodon terraenovae Mustelus canis Odontaspis taurus Carcharhinus obscurus Carcharhinus milberti Negaprion brevirostris Carcharhinus limbatus Sphyrna lewini Isurus oxyrinchus Coryphaena hippurus Sphyraena barracuda Lagodon rhomboides Scomberomorus regalis Acanthocybium solanderi Makaira nigricans Istiophorus platypterus Brotula barbata Trachinotus carolinus

Table 1. (Cont'd).

·Common name

Scientific name

Sand tilefish
Southern stingray
Unidentified stingray
Unidentified toadfish
Unidentified porgy

Malacanthus plumieri
Dasyatis americana
Dasyatidae
Batrachoididae
Sparidae

a Common and scientific names provided by Robbins et al (1980).

Appendix C. Results of analyses of variance.

Table 1. Summary of results of one-way analysis of variance of mean number of fishermen/boat trip on Gulf "snapper" headboats, bay headboats and bay and Gulf party boats in three Texas Gulf and bay areas.

		Party boats		Headboats	······································	
Area	Source of variation	Mean square (Degrees of freedom)	F	Mean square (Degrees of freedom)	F	
Gulf	Total Gulf area Error	2.076 (31) 18.378 (2) 0.951 (29)	19.310 *	0.036 (54) 0.463 (2) 0.019 (52)	23.826	*
Bay	Total Bay area Error	1.517 (66) 1.584 (2) 1.514 (64)	1.045 NS	207.912 (13) 361.028 (2) 180.072 (11)	2.004	NS

^{*} P < 0.01

NS = Not significant at P = 0.01

Table 2. Summary of results of two-way analysis of variance of mean monthly catch rates of selected species by fishermen on Gulf "snapper" headboats in three areas of the Gulf off Texas.

Species	Source of variation	Mean square (Degrees of freedom)	F
Red snapper	Total Gulf area Months Gulf area x months Error	1.867 (53) 17.819 (2) 24.022 (9) 0.935 (19) 1.242 (22)	14.346 * 19.340 * 0.753 NS
Vermillion snapper	Total Gulf area Months Gulf area x months Error	0.738 (53) 6.218 (2) 3.3369 (9) 0.605 (19) 0.401 (22)	15.494 * 8.314 * 1.509 NS
Total fish	Total Gulf area Months Gulf area x months Error	0.032 (53) 0.086 (2) 1.532 (9) 0.034 (19) 0.032 (22)	2.666 NS 47.319 * 1.060 NS

^{*} P <0.01

NS = Not significant at P = 0.01

Table 3. Summary of results of one-way analysis of variance of mean number of fishermen/boat trip on party boats in two Texas bay and Gulf areas.

Area	Source of variation	Mean square (Degrees of freedom)	F
Middle and lower	Total Gulf area Error	0.561 (16) 1.171 (1) 0.520 (15)	2.248 NS
Upper and middle	Total Bay area Error	255.527 (28) 85.449 (1) 261.826 (27)	0.326 NS

NS = Not significant at P = 0.01

Table 4. Summary of results of one-way analysis of variance of mean number of trips/boat for Gulf and bay party boats in three Texas Gulf and bay areas.

Area	Source of variation	Mean s (Degrees o	quare f freedom)	F
Gu1f	Total	559.866	(94)	2 070 NG
	Gulf area Error	2046.667 527.544	• •	3.879 NS
Bay	Total	369.562	(32)	
	Bay area	2159.845	(2)	8.632 *
	Error	250.210	(30)	•

NS = Not significat at P = 0.01

^{*} P <0.01

Table 5. Summary of results of two-level nested analysis of variance of mean daily catch rates of selected species by fishermen on party boats in three areas of the Gulf.

Species	Source of variation	Mean square (Degrees of freedom)	F
Species	Doctor of vorter		
King mackerel	Total	0.008 (59)	
	Gulf area	0.005 (3)	1.127 NS
	Days	0.013 (28)	2.808 *
	Error	0.004 (28)	
Red snapper	Total	0.010 (59)	
nea onappor	Gulf area	0.011 (3)	6.388 *
	Days	0.018 (28)	10.000 *
	Error	0.001 (28)	
Total fish	Total	0.017 (59)	
10141 - 11011	Gulf area	0.011 (3)	0.610 NS
	Days	0.018 (28)	2.272 NS
	Error	0.110 (28)	

^{*} P < 0.01

NS = Not significant at P = 0.01

Table 6. Results of one-way analysis of mean daily catch rates of red snapper on party boats in the upper and lower area of the Gulf.

Source of variation	Mean square (Degrees of freedom)	F
Total Gulf area Error	0.020 (23) 0.001 (1) 0.021 (22)	0.066 NS

NS = Not significant at P = 0.01

Table 7. Summary of results of one-way analysis of variance of mean catch rates of selected species by fishermen on bay headboats in three Texas bays.

Species	Source of variation	Mean square (Degrees of freedo	om) F
Sand seatrout	Total Bay area Error	0.190 (13) 0.105 (2) 0.206 (11)	0.510 NS
Atlantic croaker	Total Bay area Errors	0.869 (13) 3.417 (2) 0.406 (11)	8.404 *
Kingfish sp.	Total Bay area Error	0.335 (13) 1.434 (2) 0.135 (11)	10.594 *
Total fish	Total Bay area Error	0.759 (13) 1.640 (2) 0.599 (11)	2.734 NS

NS = Not significant at P = 0.01* P < 0.01

Table 8. Summary of results of two-level nested analysis of variance of mean daily catch rates of selected species by bay party boat fishermen in three Texas bays.

Species	Source of variation	Mean square (Degrees of freedom)	F
Spotted seatrout	Total Bay area Day type Error	0.033 (66) 0.083 (2) 0.037 (39) 0.024 (25)	2.574 NS 1.547 NS
Total fish	Total Bay area Day type Error	0.035 (66) 0.114 (2) 0.038 (39) 0.024 (25)	3.440 NS 1.594 NS

NS = Not significant at P = 0.01

Appendix D. Percent of "other" fishes retained on headboats and party boats.

Table 1. Percent of "other" fishes retained by "snapper" headboat fishermen within each Gulf of Mexico area off the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during September-August 1981. (Blanks indicate none seen).

		Area		
	Upper	Middle	Lower	Total
Species	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
King mackerel	24	12	4	20
Sand seatrout	15			11
Knobbed porgy	11	4	35	12
Spadefish	11			8
Pigfish	7			5
Cobia	5	1	12	5
Gray snapper	5	-	2	4
Red drum	4		_	3
Blue runner	3		13	3
Atlantic croaker	3			2
Bluefish	2			2
Atlantic bonito	1	23		5
	1	23		1
Silky snapper	1			<1
Spanish mackerel Southern flounder	<1			<1
Blackfin tuna	<1	7		1
	<1	,		<1
Southern stingray Gulf flounder	<1			<1
Crevalle jack	<1			<1
Hardhead catfish	<1			<1
Black drum	<1			<1
Silver seatrout	<1		4	<1
Squirrelfish	<1	13	6	3
Smooth puffer	<1	13	J	<1
Bigeye	<1	1		<1
Dolphin	<1	5	4	2
Sharksucker	<1	,	·	<1
Little tunny	<1	3	12	2
Batrachoididae	<1	3	-	<1
Sparidae	<1	6		1
Horse-eye jack		15		3
Holocentridae		4		<1
Dog snapper		4		<1
Great barracuda		1		<1
Sand tilefish		1		<1
Pinfish		-	2	<1
Bearded brotula			2	<1
Lutjanidae			2	<1
Unidentified fish			2	<1

Table 2. Percent of "other" fishes retained by Gulf party boat fishermen within each Gulf of Mexico area off the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during June-August 1981. (Blanks indicate none seen).

		Area		
Species	Upper (%)	Middle (%)	Lower (%)	Total (%)
Wahoo	29	,		24
Cero	29		•	24
Bluefish	12			24 11
Spadefish	10	20		10
Pigfish	6			5
Sea basses	6			5
Greater amberjack	4			4
Blue runner	2			2
Blackfin tuna		60	100	11
Blue marlin	2			2
Sailfish		20		2

Table 3. Percent of "other" fishes retained by bay headboat and party boat fishermen within each bay on the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during June-August 1981. (Blanks indicate none seen).

	Area			
	Upper	Middle	Lower	Total
Species	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
HEADBOAT		,		
Black drum	38		•	32
Silver perch	23			20
Spotted seatrout	7	13	32	8
Hardhead catfish	10			8
Pigfish	8			7
Sharks sp.	4			4
Pinfish	3	13		4
Dasyatidae	2			2
Gafftopsail catfish	1	74		7
Sheepshead	1		17	2
Spot	1			1
Florida pompano	1			1
Silver seatrout	1			1
Gulf flounder			17	1
Crevalle jack			17	1
Spanish mackerel		•	17	1
PARTY BOAT				
Sand seatrout	54	17		29
Atlantic croaker	38	11		21
Gafftopsail catfish	50	72		38
Spanish mackerel	8	, =		3
Sharks sp.	Ŭ		33	3
Gray snapper			67	6

Appendix E. Size range and mean total lengths of fishes retained by headboat and party boat fishermen.

Table 1. Mean total length (nearest 5 mm \pm 1S.E.) and size range of fishes retained by fishermen and measured on "snapper" headboats in the Gulf of Mexico off the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during September 1980-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis = No. of fish measured; NA = \leq 2 fish measured).

Species	Size range	Length
UPPER	•	
Red snapper	180-915	310 <u>+</u> 2
	(1923)	
Vermillion snapper	180-455	255 <u>+</u> 2
	(447)	
Tomtate	175-340	215 + 3
	(83)	_
Gray triggerfish	220-615	355 + 6
oray criggeriion	(144)	_
I and anappar	195–495	295 + 4
Lane snapper	(195)	<u> </u>
Construction of the construction	490-675	575 + 10
Gray snapper	(17)	3,73 <u>-</u> 40
0.11	315-330	325 + 5
Silk snapper	(5)	323 1 3
	275 /20	355 + 15
Ocean triggerfish	275–420 (10)	333 ± 13
		(20 1 20 .
Greater amberjack	270–1265 (62)	630 ± 30
		200 + 10
King mackerel	640 – 1220 (85)	890 <u>+</u> 10
	· ·	
Spanish mackerel	610-720	685 <u>+</u> 35
	(3)	
Cobia	565–1460	975 <u>+</u> 50
	(18)	
Scamp	270-740	495 <u>+</u> 75
	(8)	

Table 1. (Cont'd).

Species	Size range	Length
Warsaw grouper	310–495 (6)	390 <u>+</u> 30
Rock hind	235–360	315 <u>+</u> 15
Rock sea bass	255 (1)	NA
Little tunny	575-620 (3)	595 <u>+</u> 15
Blackfin tuna	510 (1)	NA
Atlantic bonito	530 – 685 (2)	NA
nobbed porgy	235–395 (40)	305 <u>+</u> 5
igfish	170-320 (28)	235 <u>+</u> 5
lue runner	320-5 2 0 (8)	405 <u>+</u> 25
cevalle jack	955 – 985 (2)	NA
Luefish	265–490 (7)	355 <u>+</u> 30
igeye	225-310 (_2)	NA
enchman	295 (1)	NA
quirrelfish	310–360 (2)	NA
and seatrout	265–390 (56)	325 <u>+</u> 3
llver seatrout	280 (1)	NA

Table 1. (Cont'd).

Species	Size range	Length
Red drum	930–1045 (16)	980 <u>+</u> 10
Black drum	465 (1)	NA
Southern flounder	475 (1)	NA
Gulf flounder	345 - 365 (2)	NA
Atlantic spadefish	200-310 (39)	265 <u>+</u> 5
Atlantic croaker	185-285 (10)	252 <u>+</u> 10
Atlantic sharpnose shark	375 -1 090 (68)	895 <u>+</u> 15
Smooth puffer	445 (1)	NA
Hardhead catfish	280 – 295 (2)	NA
Sharksucker	665–705 (2)	NA
MIDDLE		
Red snapper	200-940 (1030)	365 <u>+</u> 3
Vermillion snapper	200-445 (1068)	295 <u>+</u> 1
Lane snapper	345–425 (3)	380 <u>+</u> 23
Dog snapper	585–725 (4)	655 <u>+</u> 32
Tomtate	220-410 (27)	260 <u>+</u> 8

Table 1. (Cont'd).

Species	Size range	Length
Gray triggerfish	415-610 (6)	505 <u>+</u> 33
Queen triggerfish	325 – 695 (12)	490 <u>+</u> 34
Greater amberjack	310-1600 (191)	620 <u>+</u> 14)
King mackerel	910–1900 (14)	1170 <u>+</u> 77
Cobia	1315 (1)	NA
Scamp	345–635 (10)	435 <u>+</u> 54
Warsaw grouper	700–1010 (5)	920 <u>+</u> 56
Jewfish	440 (1)	NA
Dwarf sand perch	240 (1)	NA
Little tunny	620 –7 05 (. 3)	660 <u>+</u> 24
Blackfin tuna	800-870 (4)	845 <u>+</u> 16
Atlantic bonito	550-675 (20)	610 <u>+</u> 8
Knobbed porgy	260–465 (_4)	340 <u>+</u> 44
Horse-eye jack	340-620 (13)	515 <u>+</u> 18
Bigeye	271 (1)	NA
Squirrelfish	280-350 (18)	315 <u>+</u> 7

Table 1. (Cont'd).

880 –1 300 (17)	995 <u>+</u> 29
795–1120 (2)	NA .
2100 (1)	NA
365–410 (_5)	385 <u>+</u> 7
840 (1)	NA
210 - 995 (1554)	405 <u>+</u> 3
280 – 445 (30)	375 <u>+</u> 7
210–430 (58)	285 <u>+</u> 6
310 (1)	NA
330-550 (_3)	465 <u>+</u> 68
290–1470 (20)	805 <u>+</u> 79
1075–1110 (2)	NA
1 0 00 - 1065 (2)	NA
285 – 785 (14)	490 <u>+</u> 37
210 (1)	NA
	(17) 795-1120 (2) 2100 (1) 365-410 (5) 840 (1) 210-995 (1554) 280-445 (30) 210-430 (58) 310 (1) 330-550 (3) 290-1470 (20) 1075-1110 (2) 1000-1065 (2) 285-785 (14) 210

Table 1. (Cont'd).

Species	Size range	Length
Rock sea bass	280 (1)	NA
Rock hind	290 (1)	NA
Yellowedge grouper	280-535 (27)	410 <u>+</u> 13
Warsaw grouper	685 - 1350 (8)	950 <u>+</u> 97
Black grouper	455 (1)	NA
Little tunny	725 – 730 (4)	725 <u>+</u> 1
Knobbed porgy	275 - 410 (19)	335 <u>+</u> 9
Blue runner	280 – 535 (7)	415 <u>+</u> 34
Squirrelfish	260 – 305 (3)	285 <u>+</u> 13
Silver seatrout	310 (1)	NA
Dusky shark	1130 – 1740 (3)	1360 <u>+</u> 190
Sandbar shark	925–1585 (9)	1095 <u>+</u> 84
emon shark	895–1080 (6)	995 <u>+</u> 29
Blacktip shark	900 – 1020 (7)	980 <u>+</u> 14
Scalloped hammerhead	1285–1310 (2)	NA
Sand tiger	940 – 1050 (_4)	985 <u>+</u> 26

Table 1. (Cont'd).

Species	Size range	Length
Dolphin	825 – 945 (2)	NA
Pinfish	125 (1)	NA

Table 2. Mean total length (nearest 5 mm \pm 1S.E.) and size range of fishes retained and measured on party boats on the Gulf of Mexico off the middle and lower Texas coast during June-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis = No. of fish measures; NA = \leq 2 fish measured).

Species	Size range	Length
MIDDLE	,	
King mackerel	675–1305 (80)	945 <u>+</u> 13
Spanish mackerel	495–685 (4)	590 <u>+</u> 39
Red snapper	345 (1)	NA
Atlantic bonito	630 (1)	NA
Atlantic sharpnose shark	920–985 (9)	950 <u>+</u> 8
Crevalle jack	950 (1)	NA
Sailfish	11,826 (1)	NA
LOWER		
King mackerel	785–1175 (25)	915 <u>+</u> 16
Spanish mackerel	695 (1)	NA
Atlantic bonito	610-730 (4)	660 <u>+</u> 30
Crevalle jack	885 (1)	NA
Blackfin tuna	830–860 (_3)	850 <u>+</u> 9
Dolphin	450 (1)	NA

Table 3. Mean total length (nearest 5 mm \pm 1S.E.) and size range of fishes retained by fishermen and measured on headboats in the bays on the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during June-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis = No. of fish measured; NA = \leq 2 fish measured).

Species	Size range	Length
UPPER		
Atlantic croaker	145 – 320 (326)	210 <u>+</u> 1
Sand seatrout	210-335 (95)	265 <u>+</u> 2
Kingfish sp.	170 – 295 (7)	215 <u>+</u> 16
Spotted seatrout	300-560 (4)	375 <u>+</u> 62
Black drum	260–470 (35)	350 <u>+</u> 12
Sheepshead	325 (1)	NA
Gafftopsail catfish	555 (1)	NA
Hardhead catfish	160-395 (9)	295 <u>+</u> 22
Silver perch	155 - 205 (21)	180 <u>+</u> 3
Pinfish	150-215 (3)	190 <u>+</u> 20
Pigfish	145-230 (7)	170 <u>+</u> 25
Spot	130 (1)	NA
Silver seatrout	415 (1)	NA

Table 3. (Cont'd).

Species	Size range	Length
Florida pompano	175 (1)	NA ·
Atlantic sharpnose shark	370–685 (2)	NA
Scalloped hammerhead shark	535-545 (2)	NA
MIDDLE		
Atlantic croaker	170–250 (7)	190 <u>+</u> 10
Sand seatrout	220–400 (115)	290 <u>+</u> 3
Kingfish sp.	240–305 (6)	270 <u>+</u> 8
Spotted seatrout	320 (1)	NA
Gafftopsail catfish	295–560 (6)	385 <u>+</u> 40
LOWER		
Atlantic croaker	180 (1)	NA
Sand seatrout	115-350 (68)	255 <u>+</u> 5
Kingfish sp.	160-355 (65)	275 <u>+</u> 4
Spotted seatrout	300-370 (2)	NA
Sheepshead	380 (1)	NA
Spanish mackerel	510 (1)	NA

Table 3. (Cont'd).

Species	Size range	Length
Gulf flounder	275 (1)	NA
Crevalle jack	195 (1)	NA

Table 4. Mean total length (nearest 5 mm \pm 1S.E.) and size range of fishes retained and measured on party boats in the bays on the upper, middle and lower Texas coast during June-August 1981. (Number in parenthesis = No. of fish measures; NA = \leq 2 fish measured).

Species	Size range	Length	
UPPER	,		
Spotted seatrout	305-610 (121)	415 <u>+</u> 5	
Red drum	505–540 (4)	530 <u>+</u> 8	
Black drum	470 (1)	NA	
Sheepshead	495 (1)	NA	
Sand seatrout	250 – 325 (7)	285 <u>+</u> 8	
Atlantic croaker	240 – 305 (5)	260 <u>+</u> 12	
MIDDLE			
Spotted seatrout	235 - 535 (211)	335 <u>+</u> 2	
Red drum	400-550 (16)	465 <u>+</u> 12	
Black drum	305–415 (_7)	350 <u>+</u> 17	
Sheepshead	275 – 375 (_2)	NA	
Sand seatrout	295 (1)	NA	
Atlantic croaker	275 (1)	NA	

Table 4. (Cont'd).

Species	Size range	Length	
Southern flounder	320–485 (11)	400 <u>+</u> 11	
Gafftopsail catfish	405–575 (5)	510 <u>+</u> 30	
LOWER			
Spotted seatrout	295–595 (95)	345 <u>+</u> 5	
Sheepshead	230-390 (3)	335 <u>+</u> 51	
Southern flounder	360–450 (4)	395 <u>+</u> 20	